

Originator: Olivia Roberts

Tel: 01484 221000

Report of the Head of Planning and Development

HEAVY WOOLLEN PLANNING SUB-COMMITTEE

Date: 03-Feb-2022

Subject: Planning Application 2021/90509 Erection of extensions and external

alterations 4, Hopton Hall Lane, Mirfield, WF14 8EL

APPLICANT

A Zarif

DATE VALID TARGET DATE EXTENSION EXPIRY DATE

09-Feb-2021 06-Apr-2021 08-Feb-2022

Please click the following link for guidance notes on public speaking at planning committees, including how to pre-register your intention to speak.

Link to Public speaking at committee

LOCATION PLAN



Map not to scale - for identification purposes only

Electoral wards affected: Mirfield

Ward Councillors consulted: No

Public or private: Public

RECOMMENDATION:

DELEGATE approval of the application and the issuing of the decision notice to the Head of Planning and Development in order to complete the list of conditions including those contained within this report and issue the decision.

1.0 **INTRODUCTION**:

- 1.1 The application was brought to the Heavy Woollen Planning Sub-Committee on 25th November 2021 at the request of Ward Cllr Martyn Bolt for the following reasons:
- 1.2 "To my mind, the proposed scheme does not have a significant impact on the setting of the Church because views of the house (as extended) from various viewpoints around the Church are severely limited and the propose scheme has been designed to mitigate impacts on the adjacent site as far as is practicable. Also, officers do not seem to have fully considered two additional matters –

Firstly, an application for 2 detached dwellings on the site (2010/90332) was approved in September 2010 and, again to my mind, there has been no material change in national or local planning policy in terms of heritage considerations from that point to this and the scheme as approved has, I believe, a far greater impact on the setting of the Church.

Secondly, the property retains its permitted development rights, which would allow two storey extensions to both sides of the property and a two storey 3m extension to the rear. Alternatively to the two storey rear extension, the owner could apply for Prior Approval for a single storey, full-width, flat roof extension that projects 8m from the rear of the house. To my mind, if the owner implemented any of these schemes under permitted development rights, then the overall house as extended would have a far greater impact on the significance of the setting of the Church than the current, well-designed scheme.

Therefore, I would like the decision made by members rather than it being a delegated decision by officers, in order that members can assess the potential fallback positions of the applicant as outlined above against the merits of the design contained within the current application."

- 1.3 The Chair of the Sub-Committee confirmed that the reason for referring the application to committee were valid having regard to the Council's Scheme of Delegation.
- 1.4 This application was deferred at the Heavy Woollen Sub-Committee meeting on 25th November 2021 to facilitate further discussions between officers and the applicant/agent in order to reduce the scale of the scheme and amend the design.

2.0 SITE AND SURROUNDINGS:

- 2.1 The application relates to 4 Hopton Hall Lane in Upper Hopton, Mirfield. The site comprises a two-storey detached dwelling which is constructed from stone for the external walls. It is designed with a gable roof form which is finished in concrete tiles. The dwelling incorporates a flat roofed integral garage to the side elevation.
- 2.2 The dwelling is sited within a large plot with a driveway to the front and a large garden area which extends to the rear. There is a detached garage to the rear of the dwelling. The rear garden area comprises a number of trees which are protected by Tree Preservation Orders.
- 2.3 The surrounding area is predominantly residential in nature, comprising properties which vary in terms of their style and design. Notwithstanding this, the predominant material of construction is stone. The site is located immediately to the north east of a grade II listed church which forms the boundary of the Upper Hopton conservation area.

3.0 PROPOSAL:

3.1 Planning permission is sought for the erection of extensions and alterations. Amendments have been made to the scheme. Each element of the proposal, as being considered, shall be set out below:

Front Extension and Alterations

3.2 A two storey extension is proposed to the front of the property. The extension would project an additional 0.7m than the existing ground floor, flat roofed element of the dwelling with a total projection of 1.85m from the existing first floor. It would have a width of 4m and would be designed with a gable roof form which would be set down from the ridge of the host dwelling by approximately 1.3m.

First Floor Side Extension

3.3 A first floor side extension would be located above the existing integral garage and flat roofed elements to the side and rear of the dwelling. It would be designed with a gable roof form which would form a continuation of the roof form of the dwelling.

Two Storey Rear Extension

3.4 A two storey rear extension would project 5m from the rear elevation of the host dwelling and proposed first floor side and rear extensions. It would be set in from either side elevation of the host dwelling by 0.7m. It would be designed with a gable roof form which would have an eaves and ridge height to match that of the host dwelling. The design to the rear of the extension would include Juliet balconies.

Single Storey Rear Extension

3.5 A single storey extension would project an additional 3m beyond the rear elevation of the two storey rear extension, having a total projection of 8m from the rear elevation of the host dwelling. It would be designed with a flat roof form which would include two lantern style roof lights.

External Alterations

- 3.6 Two new openings are proposed for the south western side elevation of the dwelling. A high level window is proposed at ground floor level which would serve an open plan lounge/kitchen. A window at first floor level would serve the primary opening to an office. A window and entrance door would be introduced to the side of the existing integral garage and would serve an entrance door and WC.
- 3.7 The application form states that the external materials would be stone and render for the external walls and concrete tiles for the roof.
- 3.8 The existing detached garage would be demolished as part of the proposal.

4.0 RELEVANT PLANNING HISTORY (including enforcement history):

- 4.1 2021/93360 Prior notification for single storey extension of 8m projection. Prior Approval not required.
- 4.2 2021/93359 Certificate of lawfulness for proposed erection of extensions and alterations. Refused.
- 4.3 2010/90332 Erection of two detached dwellings. Granted.

5.0 HISTORY OF NEGOTIATIONS (including revisions to the scheme):

- 5.1 During the course of the application, the applicant and the applicant's agent were made aware of officers' concerns regarding the proposed development with regard to the impact on the on the host property and wider area which includes the Upper Hopton Conservation Area and Grade II Listed church building.
- The applicant submitted an application for the prior approval of a single storey rear extension and a certificate of lawful development for a two storey rear extension and first floor side extension to demonstrate a realistic fall-back position. The two applications were determined alongside the current application.
- 5.3 A set of amended plans were also submitted, reducing the footprint of the proposed first floor front extension and demonstrating off-street parking at the site. Due to the nature of the amended plans which reduced the scale of the front extension and demonstrated the existing parking arrangements, the amended plans were not advertised in this instance. The revisions made were considered not to be sufficient to address the concerns raised by officers which also covered the scale of the development to the rear of the site.
- 5.4 Following discussions between officers' and the applicant, a meeting was held with the applicant on site to discuss potential amendments to the scheme. A number of revisions to the proposal were suggested by officers, which subject to the review of the amended plans and extended publicity, officers considered could be supported. A set of alternative amended plans were submitted for consideration under the current application, which reduced the projection of the first floor rear extension by 0.7m, however the revisions were considered not to be sufficient to overcome the concerns regarding the scale of the extension and the matter that it would not be subservient to the host dwelling. Following further discussions, the applicant requested that the application be heard at the Heavy Woollen Planning Sub-Committee on the basis of the previously amended plans, which reduced the scale of the proposed front extension and demonstrated parking provision.
- 5.5 The application was first brought to the Heavy Woollen Planning Sub-Committee meeting on 25th November 2021 and was deferred to facilitate further discussions between officers and the applicant/agent in order to reduce the scale of the scheme and amend the design.
- 5.6 Following further negotiations between officers and the applicant and the applicant's agent, amended plans have been submitted setting the rear extensions in from either side elevation of the host dwelling by 0.7m. Whilst the projection of the front extension has been increased slightly to project 0.7m from the existing front addition, it would not exceed the projection demonstrated

under the original scheme. The openings to the front of the extension have been amended so that the opening at first floor corresponds with the existing first floor level openings to the front elevation of the dwelling. Due to the nature of the revisions made, which reduced the overall scale of the scheme, the amended plans have not been advertised in this particular case.

6.0 PLANNING POLICY:

- 6.1 Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 requires that planning applications are determined in accordance with the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The statutory Development Plan for Kirklees is the Local Plan (adopted 27th February 2019).
- 6.2 The site is unallocated on the Kirklees Local Plan.
- 6.3 Kirklees Local Plan (KLP):

LP 1 – Achieving sustainable development

LP 2 - Place shaping

LP 21 – Highway safety and access

LP 22 - Parking

LP 24 – Design

LP 30 – Biodiversity and geodiversity

LP 33 - Trees

LP 35 – Historic environment

LP 51 – Protection and improvement of local air quality

<u>Supplementary Planning Guidance / Documents:</u>

On the 29th of June 2021, Kirklees Council adopted its supplementary planning document on house extensions and alterations. This document indicates how the Council will interpret its policies regarding such built development, with the advice aligning with both the Kirklees Local Plan (KLP) and the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), requiring development to be considerate in terms of the character of the host property and the wider street scene. The SPD will assist with ensuring enhanced consistency in both approach and outcomes relating to house extensions and alterations and carries full weight as part of the decision-making process.

6.5 National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF):

Chapter 2 – Achieving sustainable development

Chapter 12 – Achieving well-designed places

Chapter 14 – Meeting the challenge of climate, flooding and coastal change

Chapter 15 – Conserving and enhancing the natural environment

Chapter 16 – Conserving and enhancing the historic environment

7.0 PUBLIC/LOCAL RESPONSE:

- 7.1 The application was advertised by site notice, neighbour letters and in the press. Final publicity expired on 1st April 2021.
- 7.2 As a result of the above publicity, one general comment has been received. A summary of the comments made are as follows:
 - Supportive of the extensions as work is required to bring the property up to a modern standard.
 - The trees and shrubs in the rear garden and adjacent church grounds support a variety of wildlife in the area. If these can be maintained, then it would be good for the natural environment.
- 7.3 Officer comments in response to the comments received will be made within section 10 of this report.
- 7.4 Ward Councillor Martyn Bolt commented on the scheme and requested that the application be decided by the Heavy Woollen Planning Sub-Committee for the reasons outlined at paragraph 1.2 of this report.

8.0 CONSULTATION RESPONSES:

8.1 KC Conservation & Design – Objected to the previous plans due to the harm that would be caused to the setting of the Upper Hopton conservation area and listed church building due to the scale and design of the extensions.

9.0 MAIN ISSUES

- Principle of development
- Visual amenity
- Heritage issues
- Residential amenity
- Highway issues
- Other matters
- Representations

10.0 APPRAISAL

Principle of development

10.1 The site is without notation on the Kirklees Local Plan (KLP). Policy LP1 of which states that when considering development proposals, the Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the NPPF. In terms of extending and making alterations to a property, Policy LP24 of the KLP is relevant, in conjunction with the House Extensions and Alterations Supplementary Planning Guide and Chapter 12 of the NPPF, regarding design.

- 10.2 The site is immediately adjacent to a Grade II listed St John's Church and the boundary of the Upper Hopton Conservation Area. Policy LP35 of the KLP together with Chapter 16 of the NPPF are relevant in this case.
- 10.3 In addition, it is noted that application 2021/93360 is considered a material consideration which will be assessed below. It is considered to establish the principle of having a single storey extension with an 8m projection at the property.
- 10.4 The planning history at the site is noted which includes an application for the demolition of the existing dwelling and the erection of two new dwellings (2010/90332). Whilst the time period for the application to be implemented has lapsed, it still forms a material consideration and shall be considered below.
- 10.5 In this case, the principle of extending the dwelling is considered to be acceptable. The proposal shall be assessed against the considerations above and all other relevant matters within the following sections of this report.

Visual Amenity

- 10.6 The proposal is for the erection of a two storey front extension, first floor side extension, two storey and single storey rear extensions and external alterations. The dwelling is located in a predominantly residential area which comprises properties of a variety of ages, sizes and designs. The application dwelling is set back from Hopton Hall Lane with a driveway to the front. The site is bound by stone walls to the front boundary. Whilst there is some planting to this elevation, this provides minimal screening of the property when viewed from Hopton Hall Lane.
- 10.7 The proposed two storey front extension would, in part, be located above an existing projecting element to the front of the dwelling with an additional projection of 0.7m. Paragraph 5.13 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD draws on how front extensions are highly prominent within the street scene and can erode the character of an area if they are not carefully designed. In this case, the extension would be set back from the access road. Whilst the site is relatively open to its principal elevation, there are a number of trees planted along the boundary of Hopton Hall Lane which would reduce the views of the extension when traveling in either direction. Whilst the majority of the extension would be located above an existing element at ground floor, it would project an additional 0.7m. Notwithstanding this, when taking into account the scale of the extension, its limited additional projection and the fact that it would be set down in relation to the main roof form of the property, it is considered that it would remain subservient to the host dwelling in this case. The fenestration to the front of the extension has been altered so that the first floor opening would reflect the design and scale of the existing first floor level openings on the property. Whilst more contemporary openings are proposed

at ground floor level and to the side elevations, these are considered not to detract from the visual amenity of the host property and wider area in this particular case. The extension is considered compliant with the guidance contained with Paragraph 5.14 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD which sets out how front extensions should not harm the character of the original house or wider area and that the design should match the existing features of the original house.

- 10.8 The proposed two storey rear extension would project 5m from the rear elevation of the host property. Paragraph 5.8 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD sets out how two storey rear extension should not normally project out more than 4m from the rear elevation of detached dwellings. In this case, it is noted that the extension would be to a detached dwelling of a relatively large footprint. Subject to consideration of the impact on the neighbouring properties below, it is considered that the additional 1m projection could potentially be supported at the property. The extension would be of a substantial width, projecting across the majority of the rear elevation of the host dwelling. Amendments have been made to the scheme, setting the extension in 0.7m from the south western side elevation to match the set in shown to the north eastern side elevation. Whilst the extension would still be of a substantial size, the amendment made is considered, on balance, to ensure that the extension would not dominate the original house, compliant with the aims of Key Design Principle 2 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD. The rear of the extension would include more contemporary elements, including full length glazing and Juliet balconies. Whilst the existing openings to the rear are of a more traditional appearance, the use of these openings and the impact on the host property is considered acceptable.
- 10.9 At ground floor, a single storey extension would project an additional 3m to the rear of the property, extending a total of 8m from the rear of the host dwelling. The House Extensions and Alterations SPD sets out guidance relating to the single storey rear extensions, including how they should be in keeping with the scale and style of the original house and not have a projection greater than 4m in the case of a detached property. In this, it is noted that application 2021/93360 is a material consideration which establishes the principle of having a single storey extension with an 8m projection at the property. As such, the projection of the extension is considered to be acceptable in this case. The design of the extension, and the fenestration, would correspond with the more contemporary design proposed to the rear of the two storey extension, and is considered an acceptable addition to the rear of the property in this case.
- 10.10 The proposed first floor level side extension would be located above the existing flat roofed, integral garage. The House Extensions and Alterations SPD notes that first floor side extensions should be set back from the front elevation of the dwelling and down from the ridge. In this case, the extension is considered to be subservient by virtue of its projection and design which would be in keeping with the host dwelling. Given the design of the rear extensions, it is considered

that the set down of the ridge would not be feasible in this case. For the above reasons, the impact on the dwelling itself is acceptable. The extension would be set in from the boundary shared with the neighbouring property. The neighbouring property is also set in significantly from the shared boundary, with a flat roofed garage to its side elevation, and is located at a lower land level. This is considered sufficient to prevent the creation of a terracing effect in this case. The extension would be set back in relation to the access road, and when considering the above factors, is considered not to have a harmful impact on the street scene or wider area. Access to the rear of the property would be retained to either side of the dwelling following development. For the above reasons, the design of the first floor level side extension is considered to be acceptable.

- 10.11 New openings are proposed to the side elevations of the dwelling. One of the openings to the south western elevation would be taken from the existing rear elevation and would therefore reflect the design of the existing openings on the dwelling. The impact on visual amenity is therefore considered acceptable.
- 10.12 Whilst the proposal would introduce a substantial amount of development to the site, a large rear garden area would be retained as a part of the proposal and there would be access to the rear garden to either side of the dwelling.
- 10.13 The application form states that the extensions would be constructed from stone and render, though the submitted plans do not demonstrate the proposed materials for each elevation of the extensions. Given the use of the stone within the surrounding area, it is considered that it would be appropriate to condition that the external walls of the extensions should be finished in stone.
- 10.14 In summary, when considered on balance, the proposed development is considered not to result in significant harm to the visual amenity of either the host dwelling or the wider street scene, complying with Policy LP24 of the KLP (a) and (c), Key Design Principles 1 and 2 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD and the aims of Chapter 12 of the NPPF.

Heritage Issues

- 10.15 The application site is located within the setting of the Grade II listed St John's church and the setting of the Upper Hopton conservation area. At its closest point, the proposed rear extensions would be located within 4.4m of the boundary of the Upper Hopton conservation area and 8.9m of the Grade II listed church building.
- 10.16 Section 66(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 requires that the Local Planning Authority shall have special regard to the desirability of preserving a listed building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest which it possesses.

- 10.17 Section 72(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 requires that the Local Planning Authority shall pay special attention to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of conservation areas.
- 10.18 Paragraph 199 of the NPPF requires that when considering the impact of a proposed development on the significance of a designated heritage asset, great weight should be given to the asset's conservation (and the more important the asset, the greater the weight should be). St John's Church is of national importance and is grade II listed. The character and appearance of the Upper Hopton Conservation Area is of importance.
- 10.19 Policy LP35 of the Local Plan requires that development proposals affecting a designated heritage asset should preserve or enhance the significance of the asset. Chapter 16 of the NPPF, more specifically Paragraph 199, states that great weight should be given to the asset's conservation irrespective of the level of harm caused by the development. The Conservation and Design officer was consulted during the consideration of the application. Whilst the trees within the grounds of the church and the garden of the application dwelling provide some screening of the application dwelling, the property is visible within views of the church and outside of the conservation area, particularly when viewed from the south. Under the previous plans, the Conservation and Design officer commented that the front extension, by virtue of its fenestration, and the rear extension in terms of its scale and massing, would not be in keeping with the existing building, the local vernacular, or the design of the surrounding suburban development. The development as such was considered to detract from important view north eastwards of the conservation area. Whilst the rear extension would still be large in scale, the amendments, which would reduce its width and overall height, are considered to reduce its impact on the existing building. The alterations to the fenestration to the front extension would be in keeping with the design of the host dwelling, reducing the impact on the street scene and wider area. As such, the impact on the conservation area, by virtue of the amendments made to the design and scale of the proposal, is considered to be acceptable.
- 10.20 Turning to the setting of the listed building, concern was raised under the previous plans to the impact to the significance of the listed building due to the bulk and massing of the rear extension and their proximity to the listed building. Under the amended plans, the width and overall height of the rear extension has been reduced, pulling the development away from the boundary shared with the listed building. Whilst the extensions would still be visible in view from the burial grounds towards the west tower of the church, due to the amendments made which would pull the development away from the listed building, the impact on the listed building is considered to be acceptable in this particular case.

10.21 In summary, the proposed development as amended, would not result in harm to the setting of the grade II listed building or the setting of the Upper Hopton conservation area. The scheme as such is considered to comply with Policy LP35 of the KLP and Chapter 16 of the NPPF.

Residential Amenity

10.22 The site is located within a residential area. This section will assess the relationship of the proposed development with the neighbouring properties.

Impact on 4A Hopton Hall Lane

- 10.23 The proposed front extension would be set in from the boundary shared with the neighbouring property. It is considered that the distance retained would be sufficient to prevent the extension from having a harmful overbearing or overshadowing impact towards the property. Whilst openings are shown to the side elevation of the extension and also at ground floor level, these would serve secondary openings to a hall and first floor bathroom. Together with the distance retained, the use of these openings is considered to prevent the potential for harmful overlooking towards the neighbouring property.
- 10.24 The proposed first floor side extension would be located to the side elevation of the neighbouring property, which other than an entrance door at ground floor level, does not benefit from openings in this elevation. The impact of this element on the residential amenity of the property is considered to be acceptable. Whilst there would be two openings in the side elevation of the extension, these would serve a secondary bedroom opening and an ensuite. A WC opening and entrance door are also proposed at ground floor level. The ensuite and WC openings are shown on the submitted plans to be obscure glazed. Due to the change in levels, the bedroom opening would look over the neighbouring property. Any overlooking of the amenity space of the property would be at an oblique angle and is therefore considered not to be detrimental to the amenity of the occupiers of the property.
- 10.25 The proposed rear extensions would project 5m from the rear elevation of the dwelling at first floor and 8m at ground floor. The application dwelling is located at a higher land level to the neighbouring property and is located to the south west. Paragraphs 5.6 and 5.8 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD set out the general characteristics of single and two storey extensions respectively, both stating that extensions should not project out more than 4m from the rear elevation of a dwelling. Paragraph 5.9 however, states that larger extensions may be acceptable in certain circumstances if this can be justified.

- 10.26 In the case of the ground floor extension, the principle of an 8m single storey extension has been established by the prior notification application. The extension would be set in from the boundary shared with the property by 5m which, when considering the fact that the neighbouring property is also set in from the boundary, with a single storey integral garage to its south western elevation, the impact on the neighbouring property is considered acceptable. No openings are proposed for the side elevation of the extension which would prevent harmful overlooking. In the interest of residential amenity, and in accordance with Key Design Principles 3 and 4 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD, it is considered that it would be appropriate to condition that no openings shall be installed in this elevation of the extension in the future.
- 10.27 Turning to the first floor extension, whilst there would be the potential for some additional overshadowing to the rear amenity space of the property from existing, when considering the distance retained between the extension and the shared boundary, it is considered that this impact would be limited. When taking into account the existing relationship between the two dwellings, with the habitable openings to the rear of the neighbouring property set in significantly from the shared boundary, it is considered that the proposed extension would not have a harmful overbearing or overshadowing impact. The relationship between the properties is considered to justify the extra 1m projection in this case. In the interest of residential amenity, and to prevent harmful overlooking towards the amenity space of the property, it is considered that it would be appropriate to condition that no openings shall be installed in this side elevation of the extension in the future.
- 10.28 The proposed extensions would not establish a direct relationship with any other of the neighbouring properties and it is considered that the relationships, along with the distance retained, would be sufficient to prevent the proposal from having a harmful impact by way of overbearing, overshadowing or overlooking.
- 10.29 For the reasons set out above, the proposed development is considered to result in no adverse impact upon the residential amenity of any surrounding neighbouring occupants, thereby complying with Policy LP24 of the KLP (b), Key Design principles 3, 4, 5 and 6 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD as well as Paragraph 130 (f) of the NPPF.

Highway issues

10.30 The proposal would introduce a significant amount of the development to the property, including the addition of 3 new bedrooms. Paragraph 4.42 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD sets out how the number of parking spaces required are dependent on the size of the property and the prevailing local characteristics and will be considered on a case-by-case basis. As an initial point of reference, it advises that 4+ bedrooms dwellings should provide

a minimum of 3 parking spaces. An amended site plan has been submitted demonstrating that one parking space would be provided within the integral garage and four on the driveway. Whilst the garage would not be of a sufficient length to accommodate a vehicle, the plan demonstrates that at least the recommended 3 parking spaces could be accommodated within the application site. Bin storage at the dwelling currently appears to take place to the side of the integral garage, and this would be unaffected by the proposed development.

10.31 As such, the scheme would not represent additional harm in terms of highway safety complying with Policies LP21 and LP22 of the KLP as well as Key Design Principles 15 and 16 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD.

Other Matters

Previous Application

- 10.32 Application reference 2010/90332 was previously approved at the site. Whilst the permission has lapsed, the application forms a material planning consideration. The application proposed the demolition and replacement of the existing dwelling and the erection of a new dwelling within the rear garden of the property. Each application must be assessed on its own merits and considered against the relevant planning policies at the time of its determination. The impact on the conservation area and listed building was assessed as part of the consideration of the application. The current proposal is for extensions to the existing building and is considered not to be directly comparable to the previous scheme which did maintain an open aspect immediately adjacent to the listed church building. Furthermore, this previous application was assessed in relation to now superseded national and local planning policy. In this case, the impact of the proposal has been considered with regard to the KLP, NPPF and House Extensions and Alterations SPD. Under the amended plans, it is considered that the proposal would have an acceptable impact on the visual amenity of the host dwelling and wider area which comprises the Upper Hopton conservation area and grade II listed St John's Church.
- 10.33 Application reference 2021/93360 has been previously approved at the site. The application is for the prior notification of a single storey rear extension and is considered to establish the principle of a having a single storey extension with an 8m projection at the property. The prior notification application is considered to represent a realistic fall-back position should the application for the proposed development be refused. This fall-back position has been afforded weight within the assessment of the application and it is considered, on this basis, that the proposed single storey rear extension could be supported. Whilst the applicant has submitted a certificate of lawful development application (2021/93359) to establish the principle of constructing a two storey rear extension at the property, this application has been refused.

Nevertheless, should the principle of erecting a two storey rear extension under permitted development at the property be established, it is noted that the only one of the single storey rear extension and two storey extension would be able to be constructed. There is considered to be no realistic fall-back position for the erection of further extensions to the property under permitted development, and as such, weight can only be afforded to the single storey rear extension and the fall-back position which has been established by the prior notification application.

Biodiversity

10.34 The site is located within the bat alert layer and therefore consideration has to be given to the impact of the proposed development on bats and bat roosts. A site visit was undertaken as part of the application and there was no evidence of bats or bat roosts. Should the application be recommended for approval, a footnote could have been added to the decision notice in accordance with Policy LP30 of the KLP, Key Design Principle 12 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD and the aims of Chapter 15 of the NPPF.

Trees

- 10.35 There are a number of trees which are protected by a Tree Preservation Order which are located within the rear garden of the property. The trees within the grounds of the church are protected by the designation of the Upper Hopton conservation order. A large area of the trees within the grounds of the church are also protected by a Tree Preservation Order. Whilst the rear extensions would have a significant projection, the protected trees are located towards the rear of the site, and it is considered that sufficient distance would be retained to prevent the proposal from impacting these protected trees in this instance. The trees within the church grounds are located to the front and side of the dwelling. The front extension would be located within the existing footprint of the dwelling. When considering this, along with the distance retained, it is considered that this element would not impact on the amenity of the protected trees in this case. The rear extensions would not project beyond the side elevation of the dwelling and are therefore not considered to impact on the amenity of the trees which are located within close proximity of the boundary to the side elevation of the dwelling.
- 10.36 Key Design Principle 13 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD sets out how extensions and alterations should seek to retain existing vegetation and trees and enhance the provision through landscaping where possible. Key Design Principle 12 states that proposals should consider how they might contribute towards the enhancement of the natural environment and biodiversity. The application form states that no trees would be pruned or removed as part of the proposal. Whilst the previous hedging to the side of the dwelling has been removed, this would be replaced as part of the development. It has been requested that the site plan, which is annotated to show the

replacement of this hedging, is amended to reflect the amendments made to the front and rear extensions. When taking the above into consideration, the impact on the natural environment and biodiversity as a result of the proposal is considered acceptable, complying with Policy LP30 of the KLP and the aims of the NPPF.

Coal Mining Legacy

10.37 The site is located within a 'high risk' coal mining area. The proposed development is for householder extensions and therefore this falls under the 'exemptions' on the Coal Authority's exemptions list. For this reason, a Coal Mining Risk Assessment or consultation with The Coal Authority has not been undertaken and the proposed development is considered acceptable in this regard.

Climate Change

- 10.38 On 12th November 2019, the Council adopted a target for achieving 'net zero' carbon emissions by 2038, with an accompanying carbon budget set by the Tyndall Centre for Climate Change Research. National Planning Policy includes a requirement to promote carbon reduction and enhance resilience to climate change through the planning system and these principles have been incorporated into the formulation of Local Plan policies. The Local Plan predates the declaration of a climate emergency and the net zero carbon target, however it includes a series of policies which are used to assess the suitability of planning applications in the context of climate change. When determining planning applications the Council will use the relevant Local Plan policies and guidance documents to embed the climate change agenda.
- 10.39 The proposal represents domestic development to an existing dwelling. As such, no special measures were required in terms of the planning application with regards to carbon emissions. However, there are controls in terms of Building Regulations which will need to be adhered to as part of the construction process which will require compliance with national standards. For this reason, the proposed development is considered to comply with Policy LP51 of the Kirklees Local Plan and Chapter 14 of the National Planning Policy Framework.
- 10.40 There are no other matters considered relevant to the determination of this application.

Representations

- 10.41 One general comment was received during the course of the application. A response to each of the comments made follows:
 - Supportive of the extensions as work is required to bring the property up to a modern standard.

Officer comment: This comment is noted. An assessment of the proposal has been set out within this report.

• The trees and shrubs in the rear garden and adjacent church grounds support a variety of wildlife in the area. If these can be maintained, then it would be good for the natural environment.

Officer Comment: The comments relating to trees and ecology have been covered in the other matters section of this report. The impact on trees and ecology is considered to be acceptable.

- 10.42 The comments received from Ward Councillor Bolt have been carefully considered. The impact on the conservation area and Grade II listed church have been considered as part of this assessment of the application and are set out in detail in the heritage section of this report. It is considered that the amendments made to the front and rear extensions are sufficient to address the concerns which were raised to the previous plans in terms of the impact on the setting of the conservation and listed building.
- 10.43 The application for two detached dwellings (2010/90332), whilst lapsed, does form a material consideration and has been addressed within this report. Each application must be considered on its own merits and the impact on the listed building and conservation were addressed within the assessment of the application. The current application relates to extensions to an existing dwelling, and the two proposals are considered not to be directly comparable. It is also noted that since the granting of the previous permission, the NPPF, KLP and House Extensions and Alterations SPD have been adopted and the application must be considered against the current planning policies and guidance.
- 10.44 As previously set out, application 2021/93360 has been approved at the site and is considered to establish the principle of having an 8m single storey extension at the property. This has been afforded weight in the consideration of the application and the single storey rear element of the proposal, is considered acceptable. Whilst a Certificate of Lawful Development application (2021/93359) was submitted for a two storey rear extension and first floor side extension, this was refused as the extension would project beyond a side wall of the original dwelling. Whilst it is acknowledged that a two storey rear extension, to the rear of the main dwelling only could potentially be constructed under permitted development, this has not been supported through the submission of a further Certificate of Lawful Development application. In any case, it is noted that should this fall back position be established, the applicant would not be able to construct both the two storey rear extension and larger single storey rear extension together. The design of the scheme, considered against the NPPF, KLP and House Extensions and Alterations SPD, has been set out within the main body of this report.

11.0 CONCLUSION

11.1 The application for extensions and alterations to 4 Hopton Hall Lane, Upper Hopton, Mirfield, has been assessed against relevant policies in the development plan, as listed in the policy section of this report. It is considered that the scheme, as amended, would accord with the development plan and would have an acceptable impact with regards to visual amenity, heritage, residential amenity and highway safety as discussed in the above report.

12.0 CONDITIONS (Summary list. Full wording of conditions including any amendments/additions to be delegated to the Head of Planning and Development)

- 1. Standard timeframe for implementation of development (3 years).
- 2. Development in accordance with the submitted plans.
- 3. Materials to match existing.
- 4. No openings to be installed at ground floor level in the north eastern side elevation of the two storey and single storey rear extensions.

Background Papers:

Application weblink:

Link to application details

Certificate of Ownership – Certificate A signed.

Weblink to previous applications referred to in section 4.0 of this report:

2021/93360 – Prior notification for single storey extension of 8m projection. Prior Approval not required – Link to application details

2021/93359 – Certificate of lawfulness for proposed erection of extensions and alterations. Refused –

<u>Link to application details</u>

2010/90332 – Erection of two detached dwellings. Granted – Link to application details